

## EXPERIENCING TRANSFORMATIONAL GIVING

### The Law of Resupply: Barns and Vats

*One of the most common fears of giving is this, “If I get really radical in my giving, what I currently have in my barns and vats could be greatly diminished. Consequently, I may find them being only half-full or worse yet, entirely empty because I gave too much away.”*

Not long ago, a Bible teacher came across a familiar passage written by Solomon in Proverbs 3:9-10. He had read it many times before, but he realized that he had never really plumbed the depths of this statement until just then. Previously he had just noted it and moved on. When he decided to study it more deeply, what he uncovered was very exciting to him. Solomon said, *Honor the Lord from your wealth and from the first of all your produce; so your barns will be filled with plenty and your vats will overflow with new wine* (NASB).

Pastors often quote these verses, urging people with limited or ordinary means to give liberally so that they will, as a result, become people with extraordinary means. Their “pitch” is that the more you give, the richer you will personally become. This is the cornerstone of the prosperity gospel message. However, this half-truth is not limited to just those who promote this flawed theology. Many forms of this teaching can be seen in evangelical sermons and teachings as well.

After studying this passage in much greater depth, the Bible teacher realized that this common interpretation of these verses misses the mark by a mile. Drilling down a bit deeper, we will see what he discovered about these two short verses.

### A Command

Solomon is well-known for making astute life observations and then using his supernatural wisdom to coin simple yet profound proverbs about how life works. These proverbs, many of them insightful one-liners, form a treasure of life counsel that is pointed and practical. They provide us with wise observations on life outcomes resulting from certain decisions and life choices.

But Solomon in this passage shifts from merely observing how life works to giving a specific command. He uses the opening word “honor” in the imperative, making his statement a command. Solomon is ordering the reader to “honor the Lord” with a specific kind of giving. He is not trying to simply entice us to give by dangling the promise of greater material prosperity before us. He is telling us that giving is serious business. But the more important question we must ask is, “Who is he talking to here?”

## Your Wealth

Solomon's command is not directed to the poor or to people of modest means. This command is rather directed to individuals who are rich. Notice this giving is to come from the person's "wealth." Poor people of Solomon's day would not have any wealth with which to obey this command. This command is also not directed to a group of middle-class people who collectively may own among themselves more than one barn or vat. In all three places where the pronoun "your" is used (before "wealth," "barns," and "vats") they are all in the singular, meaning Solomon is talking to one wealthy person who personally possesses multiple barns and multiple wine vats—the wealthiest of the wealthy. There would have been no disagreement that anyone who owned multiple barns and vats in Solomon's day was wealthy. So this command from Solomon is specifically for those who are already wealthy, not those who want to become wealthy.

## The Law of Resupply

One of the most common fears of giving is this, "If I get really radical in my giving, what I currently have in my barns and vats could be greatly diminished. Consequently, I may find them being only half-full or worse yet, entirely empty because I gave too much away."

This is the exact concern that Solomon is addressing in this passage. He tells the wealthy that their liberal giving will not reduce what their barns and vats hold. Contrary to what you fear, your first-fruits giving will not diminish what you have. Instead, it will ensure that your "barns will (remain) filled" and "your vats will (continue to) overflow" with excess—even after your giving. This is what is called the Law of Resupply.

This is not the only place where we see this Law of Resupply demonstrated. Do you remember the story of the widow of Zarephath (1 Kings 17:7-16)? She used her last bit of flour and oil to make Elijah a small loaf of bread and as a result, her *jar of flour was not spent, neither did the jug of oil become empty* (1 Kings 17:16, ESV). She obediently gave as she was directed by Elijah, and the Law of Resupply kicked in. She never ran out of flour and oil.

The story of the five loaves and two fishes is another example of the Law of Resupply (Matthew 14:13-21). As the disciples distributed the loaves and fish to the hungry crowd, they were miraculously resupplied until everyone ate and were full. When the feeding was over, they had twelve baskets left over—more than they started with!

One additional passage where we see this Law of Resupply taught is in 2 Corinthians 9:8, 10. Paul encourages us, *And God is able to make all grace abound to you, so that having all sufficiency in all things at all times, you may abound in every good work...He who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food will supply and multiply your seed for sowing and increase the harvest of your righteousness. You will be enriched in every way to be generous in every way.*

Paul tells us what we give will be resupplied to us. Why? So we can do even more giving. When we demonstrate a life of commitment to doing good and helping others with the materials possessions He entrusts to us, the Law of Resupply will operate in our lives and we will have *all sufficiency in all things at all times, [so we] may abound in every good work. And you will be enriched in every way to be generous in every way.* What an incredible assurance! We can never become poor by giving too much away. God always gives givers more to give!

## **The Surplus**

The practical question that seems to emerge from Solomon's teaching on this Law of Resupply is this: Because my existing barns continue to be over-filled and my vats overflowing even after my giving, what should I do with the surplus that exceeds my current capacity and need? The natural response would be to do the same as the rich farmer: *I will tear down my barns and build larger ones and there I will store all my grains and goods* (Luke 12:18). That would be a tragic mistake! Read the verses that follow. God calls him a "fool."

On the other hand, the supernatural response to our surplus would be to give it all away. You don't have room for it and you don't need it anyway. You can use your surplus to help other believers in the world who have a shortfall. In so deploying your surplus, you simply keep the Law of Resupply operating. Your abundant generosity produces even more generous abundance, allowing you to practice more abundant generosity...and on and on the resupply cycle goes. What an exhilarating way to live and give!

## **The Motivation**

Let us all be mindful that without a proper check of our motivation, this Law of Resupply can easily be reduced to nothing more than a self-serving gimmick to get richer, using "giving" as the methodology to achieve it. Solomon dismantles this self-serving motivation with his opening words, "honor the Lord..." Our singular motivation for giving is to bring honor to the Lord.

Do you remember what Jesus said in Matthew 5:16 (NASB)? *Let your light shine before men in such a way that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father who is in Heaven.* What is the ultimate objective of our giving? It is to bring glory and honor to the Lord. As we focus on giving honor to Him, He gives us repeated opportunities to honor Him by enacting His Law of Resupply. Our goal then is not to increase prosperity for us, but to increase honor for Him.

## **Conclusion**

Do you want to experience the Law of Resupply? Here are the steps. (1) Begin by believing this law exists. (2) Find a way to give that honors the Lord. (3) Give to the point that what you hold in your

“barns” and your “vats” are at new lows. (4) Repeat this giving process until you run out of money and possessions.

Wait...what? Give until I run out of money and possessions? Relax. You will discover you will never get to (4)! The Law of Resupply promises that in some supernatural way *you will be enriched in every way to be generous in every way*. Like the widow of Zarephath, you will discover that you will never run out of flour and oil. Solomon isn't making a suggestion here; he is giving us a command. Are you ready to obey his command and experience the supernatural Law of Resupply?

## STUDY GUIDE QUESTIONS

1. Compared to the rest of the world, we Americans are very wealthy. How does this reality make this passage applicable to us even though we might not see ourselves as rich?
2. Share how you understand the Law of Resupply works. What are the four steps needed to experience it?
3. Share an example of how you have personally seen the “Law of Resupply” work in your own life.
4. What does Solomon tell us is the goal in asking us to give to help meet the needs of others? Read Matthew 5:16 with this thought in mind.
5. Share your greatest difficulty in living sacrificially.
6. In what ways are you challenged by the story of the Widow of Zeraphath (1 Kings 17:7)?
7. Share your thoughts and reaction to the passage, *“You will be enriched in every way so that you can be generous on every occasion? And God is able to bless you abundantly, so that in all things at all times, having all that you need, you will abound in every good work. Now he who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food will also supply and increase your store of seed and will enlarge the harvest of your righteousness. You will be enriched in every way so that you can be generous on every occasion, and through us your generosity will result in thanksgiving to God.”* (2 Corinthians 9:8-10)

8. Are your currently “full” barns “full” and the barn door locked for safe keeping and to not lose anything in the barn? Does the Owner of the barn have a key to them?

9. What is the immediate and ultimate folly of continuing to build bigger barns? Why are we so prone to follow this kind of folly in our thinking and our behavior?

10. Do you personally believe that it would be impossible to completely empty all your barns? Why or why not?

11. What is going to change in your life going forward because of this lesson? What are you going to start doing differently?